

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This Listing of Claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in this application.

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) An allergen suppressor,

which contains a hydrophilic polymer and a water-insoluble polymer compound as a component suppressing an allergen.

2. (Original) The allergen suppressor according to claim 1, wherein a melting point of the hydrophilic polymer is 40° C or higher.

3. (Previously Presented) The allergen suppressor according to claim 1,

wherein the hydrophilic polymer satisfies the following conditions (1) and/or (2):

condition (1): the hydrophilic polymer has an ether bond and/or an amide bond in a main chain; and

condition (2): the hydrophilic polymer has at least one polar group selected from the group consisting of an amine group, an ammonium salt group, a carboxyl group, a sulfone group, an ester group, a hydroxyl group and an amide group on a side chain.

4. (Previously Presented) The allergen suppressor according to claim 1,
wherein the hydrophilic polymer is at least one selected from the group consisting of a polysaccharide, an alcoholic resin, an acrylic resin, an ether resin, an amide resin and a urethane resin.

5. (Previously Presented) The allergen suppressor according to claim 1,
wherein the hydrophilic polymer is at least one selected from the group consisting of a polyether, a polyvinyl alcohol, a polyacrylic acid, a polyacrylate salt, a polyacrylamide and a polyvinylpyrrolidone.
6. (Previously Presented) The allergen suppressor according to claim 1,
wherein at least two species of the hydrophilic polymers having different structures are used in combination.
7. (Previously Presented) The allergen suppressor according to claim 1,
wherein the hydrophilic polymer is mixed in proportions of 40 to 1000 weight % with respect to 100 weight % of the component suppressing an allergen.
8. (Previously Presented) An allergen-suppression processed fiber,
which is processed with the allergen suppressor according to claim 1.
9. (Currently Amended) A method of producing an allergen-suppression processed fiber, which comprises the step of processing a fiber with the allergen suppressor according to claim 1, and the step of insolubilizing a hydrophilic polymer.
10. (Previously Presented) The allergen suppressor according to claim 2,
wherein the hydrophilic polymer satisfies the following conditions (1) and/or (2):

condition (1): the hydrophilic polymer has an ether bond and/or an amide bond in a main chain; and

condition (2): the hydrophilic polymer has at least one polar group selected from the group consisting of an amine group, an ammonium salt group, a carboxyl group, a

sulfone group, an ester group, a hydroxyl group and an amide group on a side chain.

11. (Previously Presented) The allergen suppressor according to claim 2,
wherein the hydrophilic polymer is at least one selected from the group consisting of a polysaccharide, an alcoholic resin, an acrylic resin, an ether resin, an amide resin and a urethane resin.

12. (Previously Presented) The allergen suppressor according to claim 3,
wherein the hydrophilic polymer is at least one selected from the group consisting of a polysaccharide, an alcoholic resin, an acrylic resin, an ether resin, an amide resin and a urethane resin.

13. (Previously Presented) The allergen suppressor according to claim 2,
wherein the hydrophilic polymer is at least one selected from the group consisting of a polyether, a polyvinyl alcohol, a polyacrylic acid, a polyacrylate salt, a polyacrylamide and a polyvinylpyrrolidone.

14. (Previously Presented) The allergen suppressor according to claim 3
wherein the hydrophilic polymer is at least one selected from the group consisting of a polyether, a polyvinyl alcohol, a polyacrylic acid, a polyacrylate salt, a polyacrylamide and a polyvinylpyrrolidone.

15. (Previously Presented) The allergen suppressor according to claim 4,
wherein the hydrophilic polymer is at least one selected from the group consisting of a polyether, a polyvinyl alcohol, a polyacrylic acid, a polyacrylate salt, a polyacrylamide and a polyvinylpyrrolidone.

16. (Previously Presented) The allergen suppressor according to claim 2,
wherein at least two species of the hydrophilic polymers having different structures are used in combination.

17. (Previously Presented) The allergen suppressor according to claim 3,
wherein at least two species of the hydrophilic polymers having different structures are used in combination.
18. (Previously Presented) The allergen suppressor according to claim 4,
wherein at least two species of the hydrophilic polymers having different structures are used in combination.
19. (Previously Presented) The allergen suppressor according to claim 5,
wherein at least two species of the hydrophilic polymers having different structures are used in combination.
20. (Previously Presented) The allergen suppressor according to claim 2,
wherein the hydrophilic polymer is mixed in proportions of 40 to 1000 weight % with respect to 100 weight % of the component suppressing an allergen.
21. (New) The allergen suppressor according to claim 1 wherein said water-insoluble polymer compound is a polymer of at least one aromatic hydroxyl compound.
22. (New) A method of producing an allergen-suppression processed fiber, which comprises processing a fiber with the allergen suppressor according to claim 1, and chemically combining with or post-fixing said allergen suppressor to said fiber.